

Contents

1	Sequences as Lists	1
2	I/O Automata with Finite-Trace Semantics	2
2.1	Signatures	2
2.2	I/O Automata	3
2.3	Composition of Families of I/O Automata	4
2.4	Executions and Traces	6
2.5	Operations on Executions	7
3	Definition and Soundness of Refinement Mappings, Forward Simulations and Backward Simulations	9
3.1	A series of lemmas that will be useful in the soundness proofs	10
3.2	Soundness of Refinement Mappings	10
3.3	Soundness of Forward Simulations	10
3.4	Soundness of Backward Simulations	11
4	Recoverable Data Types	11
4.1	The pre-RDR locale	11
4.2	Useful Lemmas in the pre-RDR locale	12
4.3	The RDR locale	12
4.4	Some useful lemmas	13
5	The SLin Automata specification	14
6	The Consensus Data Type	17
7	Idempotence of the SLin I/O automaton	18
7.1	A case rule for decomposing the transition relation of the composition of two SLins	19
7.2	Definition of the Refinement Mapping	20
7.3	Invariants	20
7.4	Proof of the Idempotence Theorem	25

1 Sequences as Lists

```
theory Sequences
imports Main
begin
```

locale *Sequences*

begin

We reverse the order of application of $op \#$ and $op @$ because we think that it is easier to think of sequences as growing to the right.

no-notation *Cons* (**infixr** $\#$ 65)

abbreviation *Append* (**infixl** $\#$ 65)

where *Append* $xs\ x \equiv Cons\ x\ xs$

no-notation *append* (**infixr** $@$ 65)

abbreviation *Concat* (**infixl** $@$ 65)

where *Concat* $xs\ ys \equiv append\ ys\ xs$

end

end

2 I/O Automata with Finite-Trace Semantics

theory *IOA*

imports *Main Sequences*

begin

This theory is inspired by the IOA theory of Olaf Mller

locale *IOA = Sequences*

record *'a signature* =

inputs::'a set

outputs::'a set

internals::'a set

context *IOA*

begin

2.1 Signatures

definition *actions* :: *'a signature* \Rightarrow *'a set* **where**

actions asig $\equiv inputs\ asig \cup outputs\ asig \cup internals\ asig$

definition *externals* :: *'a signature* \Rightarrow *'a set* **where**

externals asig $\equiv inputs\ asig \cup outputs\ asig$

definition *locals* :: *'a signature* \Rightarrow *'a set* **where**

locals asig $\equiv internals\ asig \cup outputs\ asig$

definition *is-asig* :: 'a signature \Rightarrow bool **where**

is-asig triple \equiv
 $inputs\ triple \cap outputs\ triple = \{\}$ \wedge
 $outputs\ triple \cap internals\ triple = \{\}$ \wedge
 $inputs\ triple \cap internals\ triple = \{\}$

lemma *internal-inter-external*:

assumes *is-asig sig*
shows $internals\ sig \cap externals\ sig = \{\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition *hide-asig* **where**

hide-asig asig actns \equiv
 $(inputs = inputs\ asig - actns, outputs = outputs\ asig - actns,$
 $internals = internals\ asig \cup actns)$

end

2.2 I/O Automata

type-synonym

$(s, a)\ transition = s \times a \times s$

record $(s, a)\ ioa =$

asig :: 'a signature
start :: 's set
trans :: $(s, a)\ transition\ set$

context *IOA*

begin

abbreviation *act A* $\equiv actions\ (asig\ A)$

abbreviation *ext A* $\equiv externals\ (asig\ A)$

abbreviation *int* **where** *int A* $\equiv internals\ (asig\ A)$

abbreviation *inp A* $\equiv inputs\ (asig\ A)$

abbreviation *out A* $\equiv outputs\ (asig\ A)$

abbreviation *local A* $\equiv locals\ (asig\ A)$

definition *is-ioa* :: $(s, a)\ ioa \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

is-ioa A $\equiv is-asig\ (asig\ A)$
 $\wedge (\forall\ triple \in trans\ A. (fst\ o\ snd)\ triple \in act\ A)$

definition *hide* **where**

hide A actns $\equiv A[asig := hide-asig\ (asig\ A)\ actns]$

definition *is-trans* :: $'s \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('s, 'a)ioa \Rightarrow 's \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

is-trans $s1\ a\ A\ s2 \equiv (s1, a, s2) \in trans\ A$

notation

is-trans $(- \dashrightarrow - [81, 81, 81, 81]\ 100)$

definition *rename-set* **where**

rename-set $A\ ren \equiv \{b. \exists x \in A. ren\ b = Some\ x\}$

definition *rename* **where**

rename $A\ ren \equiv$

$(\lambda sig. (\lambda inputs. rename-set\ (inp\ A)\ ren,$

$outputs = rename-set\ (out\ A)\ ren,$

$internals = rename-set\ (int\ A)\ ren),$

$start = start\ A,$

$trans = \{tr. \exists x. ren\ (fst\ (snd\ tr)) = Some\ x \wedge (fst\ tr) -x-A \longrightarrow (snd\ (snd\ tr))\})$

Reachable states and invariants

inductive

reachable :: $('s, 'a)\ ioa \Rightarrow 's \Rightarrow bool$

for $A :: ('s, 'a)\ ioa$

where

reachable-0: $s \in start\ A \implies reachable\ A\ s$

| *reachable-n*: $\llbracket reachable\ A\ s; s -a-A \longrightarrow t \rrbracket \implies reachable\ A\ t$

definition *invariant* **where**

invariant $A\ P \equiv (\forall s. reachable\ A\ s \longrightarrow P(s))$

theorem *invariantI*:

fixes $A\ P$

assumes $\bigwedge s. s \in start\ A \implies P\ s$

and $\bigwedge s\ t\ a. \llbracket reachable\ A\ s; P\ s; s -a-A \longrightarrow t \rrbracket \implies P\ t$

shows *invariant* $A\ P$

<proof>

end

2.3 Composition of Families of I/O Automata

record $('id, 'a)\ family =$

ids :: $'id\ set$

memb :: $'id \Rightarrow 'a$

context *IOA*

begin

definition *is-ioa-fam* **where**

is-ioa-fam *fam* $\equiv \forall i \in \text{ids } \text{fam} . \text{is-ioa } (\text{memb } \text{fam } i)$

definition *compatible2* **where**

compatible2 *A B* \equiv
 $\text{out } A \cap \text{out } B = \{\}$ \wedge
 $\text{int } A \cap \text{act } B = \{\}$ \wedge
 $\text{int } B \cap \text{act } A = \{\}$

definition *compatible::('id, ('s,'a)ioa) family \Rightarrow bool* **where**

compatible *fam* $\equiv \text{finite } (\text{ids } \text{fam}) \wedge$
 $(\forall i \in \text{ids } \text{fam} . \forall j \in \text{ids } \text{fam} . i \neq j \longrightarrow$
 $\text{compatible2 } (\text{memb } \text{fam } i) (\text{memb } \text{fam } j))$

definition *asig-comp2* **where**

asig-comp2 *A B* \equiv
 $(\text{inputs} = (\text{inputs } A \cup \text{inputs } B) - (\text{outputs } A \cup \text{outputs } B),$
 $\text{outputs} = \text{outputs } A \cup \text{outputs } B,$
 $\text{internals} = \text{internals } A \cup \text{internals } B)$

definition *asig-comp::('id, ('s,'a)ioa) family \Rightarrow 'a signature* **where**

asig-comp *fam* \equiv
 $(\text{inputs} = \bigcup i \in (\text{ids } \text{fam}). \text{inp } (\text{memb } \text{fam } i)$
 $- (\bigcup i \in (\text{ids } \text{fam}). \text{out } (\text{memb } \text{fam } i)),$
 $\text{outputs} = \bigcup i \in (\text{ids } \text{fam}). \text{out } (\text{memb } \text{fam } i),$
 $\text{internals} = \bigcup i \in (\text{ids } \text{fam}). \text{int } (\text{memb } \text{fam } i))$

definition *par2* (**infixr** \parallel 10) **where**

A \parallel *B* \equiv
 $(\text{asig} = \text{asig-comp2 } (\text{asig } A) (\text{asig } B),$
 $\text{start} = \{\text{pr}. \text{fst } \text{pr} \in \text{start } A \wedge \text{snd } \text{pr} \in \text{start } B\},$
 $\text{trans} = \{\text{tr}.$
 $\text{let } s = \text{fst } \text{tr}; a = \text{fst } (\text{snd } \text{tr}); t = \text{snd } (\text{snd } \text{tr})$
 $\text{in } (a \in \text{act } A \vee a \in \text{act } B)$
 $\wedge (\text{if } a \in \text{act } A$
 $\text{then } \text{fst } s - a - A \longrightarrow \text{fst } t$
 $\text{else } \text{fst } s = \text{fst } t)$
 $\wedge (\text{if } a \in \text{act } B$
 $\text{then } \text{snd } s - a - B \longrightarrow \text{snd } t$
 $\text{else } \text{snd } s = \text{snd } t) \}$

definition *par::('id, ('s,'a)ioa) family \Rightarrow ('id \Rightarrow 's,'a)ioa* **where**

```

par fam  $\equiv$  let ids = ids fam; memb = memb fam in
  [] asig = asig-comp fam,
  start = {s .  $\forall$  i $\in$ ids . s i  $\in$  start (memb i)},
  trans = { (s, a, s') .
    ( $\exists$  i $\in$ ids . a  $\in$  act (memb i))
     $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  i $\in$ ids .
      if a  $\in$  act (memb i)
      then s i  $\rightarrow$  a (memb i)  $\rightarrow$  s' i
      else s i = (s' i)) } []

```

lemmas asig-simps = hide-asig-def is-asig-def locals-def externals-def actions-def
 hide-def compatible-def asig-comp-def

lemmas ioa-simps = rename-def rename-set-def is-trans-def is-ioa-def par-def

end

2.4 Executions and Traces

type-synonym

(*'s, 'a*)pairs = (*'a* \times *'s*) list

type-synonym

(*'s, 'a*)execution = *'s* \times (*'s, 'a*)pairs

type-synonym

'a trace = *'a* list

record (*'s, 'a*)execution-module =

execs::(*'s, 'a*)execution set

asig::*'a* signature

record *'a* trace-module =

traces::*'a* trace set

asig::*'a* signature

context IOA

begin

fun is-exec-frag-of::(*'s, 'a*)ioa \Rightarrow (*'s, 'a*)execution \Rightarrow bool **where**

is-exec-frag-of A (s, (ps#p')#p) =

(snd p' \rightarrow fst p \rightarrow A \rightarrow snd p \wedge is-exec-frag-of A (s, (ps#p')))

| is-exec-frag-of A (s, [p]) = s \rightarrow fst p \rightarrow A \rightarrow snd p

| is-exec-frag-of A (s, []) = True

definition is-exec-of::(*'s, 'a*)ioa \Rightarrow (*'s, 'a*)execution \Rightarrow bool **where**

is-exec-of A e \equiv fst e \in start A \wedge is-exec-frag-of A e

definition *filter-act* **where**

filter-act \equiv *map fst*

definition *schedule* **where**

schedule \equiv *filter-act o snd*

definition *trace* **where**

trace sig \equiv *filter* ($\lambda a . a \in \text{externals sig}$) *o schedule*

definition *is-schedule-of* **where**

is-schedule-of A sch \equiv
 $(\exists e . \text{is-exec-of } A e \wedge sch = \text{filter-act } (snd e))$

definition *is-trace-of* **where**

is-trace-of A tr \equiv
 $(\exists sch . \text{is-schedule-of } A sch \wedge tr = \text{filter } (\lambda a . a \in \text{ext } A) sch)$

definition *traces* **where**

traces A \equiv $\{tr . \text{is-trace-of } A tr\}$

lemma *traces-alt*:

shows *traces A* $= \{tr . \exists e . \text{is-exec-of } A e$
 $\wedge tr = \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e\}$

<proof>

lemmas *trace-simps* $=$ *traces-def is-trace-of-def is-schedule-of-def filter-act-def is-exec-of-def*
trace-def schedule-def

definition *proj-trace*::*'a trace* \Rightarrow (*'a signature*) \Rightarrow *'a trace* (**infixr** $|$ 12) **where**

proj-trace t sig \equiv *filter* ($\lambda a . a \in \text{actions sig}$) *t*

definition *ioa-implements* :: (*'s1, 'a*)*ioa* \Rightarrow (*'s2, 'a*)*ioa* \Rightarrow *bool* (**infixr** $=<|$ 12)

where

$A =<| B \equiv \text{inp } A = \text{inp } B \wedge \text{out } A = \text{out } B \wedge \text{traces } A \subseteq \text{traces } B$

2.5 Operations on Executions

definition *cons-exec* **where**

cons-exec e p \equiv (*fst e*, (*snd e*)#*p*)

definition *append-exec* **where**

append-exec e e' \equiv (*fst e*, (*snd e*)@(*snd e'*))

```

fun last-state where
  last-state (s,[]) = s
| last-state (s,ps#p) = snd p

lemma last-state-reachable:
  fixes A e
  assumes is-exec-of A e
  shows reachable A (last-state e) <proof>

lemma trans-from-last-state:
  assumes is-exec-frag-of A e and (last-state e)-a-A→s'
  shows is-exec-frag-of A (cons-exec e (a,s'))
  <proof>

lemma exec-frag-prefix:
  fixes A p ps
  assumes is-exec-frag-of A (cons-exec e p)
  shows is-exec-frag-of A e
  <proof>

lemma trace-same-ext:
  fixes A B e
  assumes ext A = ext B
  shows trace (ioa.asig A) e = trace (ioa.asig B) e
  <proof>

lemma trace-append-is-append-trace:
  fixes e e' sig
  shows trace sig (append-exec e' e) = trace sig e' @ trace sig e
  <proof>

lemma append-exec-frags-is-exec-frag:
  fixes e e' A as
  assumes is-exec-frag-of A e and last-state e = fst e'
  and is-exec-frag-of A e'
  shows is-exec-frag-of A (append-exec e e')
  <proof>

lemma last-state-of-append:
  fixes e e'
  assumes fst e' = last-state e
  shows last-state (append-exec e e') = last-state e'
  <proof>

```


end

end

3 Definition and Soundness of Refinement Mappings, Forward Simulations and Backward Simulations

theory *Simulations*
imports *IOA*
begin

context *IOA*
begin

definition *refines* **where**

$\text{refines } e \text{ s a t } A \text{ f} \equiv \text{fst } e = f \text{ s} \wedge \text{last-state } e = f \text{ t} \wedge \text{is-exec-frag-of } A \text{ e}$
 $\wedge (\text{let } tr = \text{trace } (ioa.asig \ A) \ e \text{ in}$
 $\text{if } a \in \text{ext } A \text{ then } tr = [a] \text{ else } tr = [])$

definition

$\text{is-ref-map} :: ('s1 \Rightarrow 's2) \Rightarrow ('s1, 'a)ioa \Rightarrow ('s2, 'a)ioa \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{is-ref-map } f \ B \ A \equiv$
 $(\forall \ s \in \text{start } B . f \ s \in \text{start } A) \wedge (\forall \ s \ t \ a. \text{reachable } B \ s \wedge s -a-B \longrightarrow t$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists \ e . \text{refines } e \text{ s a t } A \text{ f}))$

definition

$\text{is-forward-sim} :: ('s1 \Rightarrow ('s2 \text{ set})) \Rightarrow ('s1, 'a)ioa \Rightarrow ('s2, 'a)ioa \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{is-forward-sim } f \ B \ A \equiv$
 $(\forall \ s \in \text{start } B . f \ s \cap \text{start } A \neq \{\})$
 $\wedge (\forall \ s \ s' \ t \ a. s' \in f \ s \wedge s -a-B \longrightarrow t \wedge \text{reachable } B \ s$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists \ e . \text{fst } e = s' \wedge \text{last-state } e \in f \ t \wedge \text{is-exec-frag-of } A \text{ e}$
 $\wedge (\text{let } tr = \text{trace } (ioa.asig \ A) \ e \text{ in}$
 $\text{if } a \in \text{ext } A \text{ then } tr = [a] \text{ else } tr = [])))$

definition

$\text{is-backward-sim} :: ('s1 \Rightarrow ('s2 \text{ set})) \Rightarrow ('s1, 'a)ioa \Rightarrow ('s2, 'a)ioa \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{is-backward-sim } f \ B \ A \equiv$
 $(\forall \ s . f \ s \neq \{\})$ (* Restricting this to reachable states would suffice *)
 $\wedge (\forall \ s \in \text{start } B . f \ s \subseteq \text{start } A)$
 $\wedge (\forall \ s \ t \ a \ t'. t' \in f \ t \wedge s -a-B \longrightarrow t \wedge \text{reachable } B \ s$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists \ e . \text{fst } e \in f \ s \wedge \text{last-state } e = t' \wedge \text{is-exec-frag-of } A \text{ e}$
 $\wedge (\text{let } tr = \text{trace } (ioa.asig \ A) \ e \text{ in}$
 $\text{if } a \in \text{ext } A \text{ then } tr = [a] \text{ else } tr = [])))$

3.1 A series of lemmas that will be useful in the soundness proofs

lemma *step-eq-traces*:

fixes $e-B' A e e-A' a t$
defines $e-A \equiv \text{append-exec } e-A' e$ **and** $e-B \equiv \text{cons-exec } e-B' (a, t)$
and $tr \equiv \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e$
assumes $1: \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-A' = \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-B'$
and $2: \text{if } a \in \text{ext } A \text{ then } tr = [a] \text{ else } tr = []$
shows $\text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-A = \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-B$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *exec-inc-imp-trace-inc*:

fixes $A B$
assumes $\text{ext } B = \text{ext } A$
and $\bigwedge e-B . \text{is-exec-of } B e-B$
 $\implies \exists e-A . \text{is-exec-of } A e-A \wedge \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-A = \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-B$
shows $\text{traces } B \subseteq \text{traces } A$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.2 Soundness of Refinement Mappings

lemma *ref-map-execs*:

fixes $A::('sA, 'a)ioa$ **and** $B::('sB, 'a)ioa$ **and** $f::'sB \Rightarrow 'sA$ **and** $e-B$
assumes $\text{is-ref-map } f B A$ **and** $\text{is-exec-of } B e-B$
shows $\exists e-A . \text{is-exec-of } A e-A$
 $\wedge \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-A = \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-B$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *ref-map-soundness*:

fixes $A::('sA, 'a)ioa$ **and** $B::('sB, 'a)ioa$ **and** $f::'sB \Rightarrow 'sA$
assumes $\text{is-ref-map } f B A$ **and** $\text{ext } A = \text{ext } B$
shows $\text{traces } B \subseteq \text{traces } A$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.3 Soundness of Forward Simulations

lemma *forward-sim-execs*:

fixes $A::('sA, 'a)ioa$ **and** $B::('sB, 'a)ioa$ **and** $f::'sB \Rightarrow 'sA$ **set** **and** $e-B$
assumes $\text{is-forward-sim } f B A$ **and** $\text{is-exec-of } B e-B$
shows $\exists e-A . \text{is-exec-of } A e-A$
 $\wedge \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-A = \text{trace } (ioa.asig A) e-B$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *forward-sim-soundness*:

fixes $A::('sA, 'a)ioa$ **and** $B::('sB, 'a)ioa$ **and** $f::'sB \Rightarrow 'sA$ *set*
assumes *is-forward-sim* f B A **and** $ext\ A = ext\ B$
shows $traces\ B \subseteq traces\ A$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.4 Soundness of Backward Simulations

lemma *backward-sim-execs*:

fixes $A::('sA, 'a)ioa$ **and** $B::('sB, 'a)ioa$ **and** $f::'sB \Rightarrow 'sA$ *set* **and** $e-B$
assumes *is-backward-sim* f B A **and** *is-exec-of* B $e-B$
shows $\exists\ e-A .\ is-exec-of\ A\ e-A$
 $\wedge\ trace\ (ioa.asig\ A)\ e-A = trace\ (ioa.asig\ A)\ e-B$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *backward-sim-soundness*:

fixes $A::('sA, 'a)ioa$ **and** $B::('sB, 'a)ioa$ **and** $f::'sB \Rightarrow 'sA$ *set*
assumes *is-backward-sim* f B A **and** $ext\ A = ext\ B$
shows $traces\ B \subseteq traces\ A$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

end

4 Recoverable Data Types

theory *RDR*

imports *Main Sequences*

begin

4.1 The pre-RDR locale

locale *pre-RDR* = *Sequences* +
fixes $\delta::'a \Rightarrow ('b \times 'c) \Rightarrow 'a$ (**infix** \cdot 65)
and $\gamma::'a \Rightarrow ('b \times 'c) \Rightarrow 'd$
and $bot::'a$ (\perp)
begin

fun $exec::'a \Rightarrow ('b \times 'c)list \Rightarrow 'a$ (**infix** \star 65) **where**
 $exec\ s\ Nil = s$
 $| exec\ s\ (rs \# r) = (exec\ s\ rs) \cdot r$

definition *less-eq* (**infix** \preceq 50) **where**
 $less-eq\ s\ s' \equiv \exists\ rs . s' = (s \star rs)$

definition *less* (**infix** \prec 50) **where**

less $s \ s' \equiv \text{less-eq } s \ s' \wedge s \neq s'$

definition *is-lb* **where**

is-lb $s \ s1 \ s2 \equiv s \preceq s2 \wedge s \preceq s1$

definition *is-glb* **where**

is-glb $s \ s1 \ s2 \equiv \text{is-lb } s \ s1 \ s2 \wedge (\forall \ s' . \text{is-lb } s' \ s1 \ s2 \longrightarrow s' \preceq s)$

definition *contains* **where**

contains $s \ r \equiv \exists \ rs . r \in \text{set } rs \wedge s = (\perp \star rs)$

definition *inf* (**infix** \sqcap 65) **where**

inf $s1 \ s2 \equiv \text{THE } s . \text{is-glb } s \ s1 \ s2$

4.2 Useful Lemmas in the pre-RDR locale

lemma *exec-cons*:

$s \star (rs \# r) = (s \star rs) \cdot r \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *exec-append*:

$(s \star rs) \star rs' = s \star (rs @ rs')$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *trans*:

assumes $s1 \preceq s2$ **and** $s2 \preceq s3$
shows $s1 \preceq s3 \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *contains-star*:

fixes $s \ r \ rs$
assumes *contains* $s \ r$
shows *contains* $(s \star rs) \ r$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *preceq-star*: $s \star (rs \# r) \preceq s' \implies s \star rs \preceq s'$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

4.3 The RDR locale

locale *RDR* = *pre-RDR* +

assumes *idem1*: *contains* $s \ r \implies s \cdot r = s$
and *idem2*: $\bigwedge s \ r \ r' . \text{fst } r \neq \text{fst } r' \implies \gamma \ s \ r = \gamma \ ((s \cdot r) \cdot r') \ r$
and *antisym*: $\bigwedge s1 \ s2 . s1 \preceq s2 \wedge s2 \preceq s1 \implies s1 = s2$

and *glb-exists*: $\bigwedge s1\ s2 . \exists s . is_glb\ s\ s1\ s2$
and *consistency*: $\bigwedge s1\ s2\ s3\ rs . s1 \preceq s2 \implies s2 \preceq s3 \implies s3 = s1 \star rs$
 $\implies \exists rs'\ rs'' . s2 = s1 \star rs' \wedge s3 = s2 \star rs''$
 $\wedge set\ rs' \subseteq set\ rs \wedge set\ rs'' \subseteq set\ rs$
and *bot*: $\bigwedge s . \perp \preceq s$

begin

lemma *inf-glb-is-glb* ($s1 \sqcap s2$) $s1\ s2$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

sublocale *ordering less-eq less*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

sublocale *semilattice-set inf*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

sublocale *semilattice-order-set inf less-eq less*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

notation $F\ (\sqcap - [99])$

4.4 Some useful lemmas

lemma *idem-star*:
fixes $r\ s\ rs$
assumes *contains* $s\ r$
shows $s \star rs = s \star (filter\ (\lambda x . x \neq r)\ rs)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *idem-star2*:
fixes $s\ rs'$
shows $\exists rs' . s \star rs = s \star rs' \wedge set\ rs' \subseteq set\ rs$
 $\wedge (\forall r \in set\ rs' . \neg contains\ s\ r)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *idem2-star*:
assumes *contains* $s\ r$
and $\bigwedge r' . r' \in set\ rs \implies fst\ r' \neq fst\ r$
shows $\gamma\ s\ r = \gamma\ (s \star rs)\ r\ \langle proof \rangle$

lemma *glb-common*:

```

fixes  $s1\ s2\ s\ rs1\ rs2$ 
assumes  $s1 = s \star rs1$  and  $s2 = s \star rs2$ 
shows  $\exists\ rs.\ s1 \sqcap s2 = s \star rs \wedge \text{set } rs \subseteq \text{set } rs1 \cup \text{set } rs2$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma glb-common-set:
fixes  $ss\ s0\ rset$ 
assumes finite  $ss$  and  $ss \neq \{\}$ 
and  $\bigwedge s.\ s \in ss \implies \exists\ rs.\ s = s0 \star rs \wedge \text{set } rs \subseteq rset$ 
shows  $\exists\ rs.\ \bigsqcap ss = s0 \star rs \wedge \text{set } rs \subseteq rset$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

end

end

5 The SLin Automata specification

```

theory SLin
imports IOA RDR
begin

```

```

datatype ( $'a, 'b, 'c, 'd$ )SLin-action =
  — The nat component is the instance number
  | Invoke nat  $'b\ 'c$ 
  | Response nat  $'b\ 'd$ 
  | Switch nat  $'b\ 'c\ 'a$ 
  | Recover nat
  | Linearize nat

```

```

datatype SLin-status = Sleep | Pending | Ready | Aborted

```

```

record ( $'a, 'b, 'c$ )SLin-state =
  pending ::  $'b \Rightarrow 'b \times 'c$ 
  initVals ::  $'a\ \text{set}$ 
  abortVals ::  $'a\ \text{set}$ 
  status ::  $'b \Rightarrow \text{SLin-status}$ 
  dstate ::  $'a$ 
  initialized :: bool

```

```

locale SLin = RDR + IOA
begin

```

```

definition

```

$asig :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c, 'd)SLin\text{-}action\ signature$

— The first instance has number 0

where

$asig\ i\ j \equiv []$
 $inputs = \{act . \exists\ p\ c\ iv\ i' .$
 $(i \leq i' \wedge i' < j \wedge act = Invoke\ i'\ p\ c) \vee (i > 0 \wedge act = Switch\ i\ p\ c\ iv)\},$
 $outputs = \{act . \exists\ p\ c\ av\ i'\ outp .$
 $(i \leq i' \wedge i' < j \wedge act = Response\ i'\ p\ outp) \vee act = Switch\ j\ p\ c\ av\},$
 $internals = \{act . \exists\ i' . i \leq i' \wedge i' < j$
 $\wedge (act = Linearize\ i' \vee act = Recover\ i')\} []$

definition $pendingReqs :: ('a, 'b, 'c)SLin\text{-}state \Rightarrow ('b \times 'c)\ set$

where

$pendingReqs\ s \equiv \{r . \exists\ p .$
 $r = pending\ s\ p$
 $(*\wedge \neg contains\ (dstate\ s)\ r*)$
 $\wedge status\ s\ p \in \{Pending, Aborted\}\}$

definition $Inv :: 'b \Rightarrow 'c$

$\Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c)SLin\text{-}state \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c)SLin\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool$

where

$Inv\ p\ c\ s\ s' \equiv$
 $status\ s\ p = Ready$
 $\wedge s' = s[\text{pending} := (pending\ s)(p := (p, c)),$
 $status := (status\ s)(p := Pending)]$

definition $pendingSeqs$ **where**

$pendingSeqs\ s \equiv \{rs . set\ rs \subseteq pendingReqs\ s\}$

definition $Lin :: ('a, 'b, 'c)SLin\text{-}state \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c)SLin\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool$

where

$Lin\ s\ s' \equiv \exists\ rs \in pendingSeqs\ s .$
 $initialized\ s$
 $\wedge (\forall\ av \in abortVals\ s . (dstate\ s) \star rs \preceq av)$
 $\wedge s' = s[dstate := (dstate\ s) \star rs]$

definition $initSets$ **where**

$initSets\ s \equiv \{ivs . ivs \neq \{\}\ \wedge\ ivs \subseteq initVals\ s\}$

definition $safeInits$ **where**

$safeInits\ s \equiv \text{if } initVals\ s = \{\} \text{ then } \{\}$
 $\text{else } \{d . \exists\ ivs \in initSets\ s . \exists\ rs \in pendingSeqs\ s .$
 $d = \bigcap ivs \star rs \wedge (\forall\ av \in abortVals\ s . d \preceq av)\}$

definition $initAborts$ **where**

$initAborts\ s \equiv \{ d \ . dstate\ s \preceq d$
 $\wedge ((\exists\ rs \in pendingSeqs\ s \ . d = dstate\ s \star rs)$
 $\vee (\exists\ ivs \in initSets\ s \ . dstate\ s \preceq \bigcap\ ivs$
 $\wedge (\exists\ rs \in pendingSeqs\ s \ . d = \bigcap\ ivs \star rs))) \}$

definition *uninitAborts* **where**

$uninitAborts\ s \equiv \{ d \ .$
 $\exists\ ivs \in initSets\ s \ . \exists\ rs \in pendingSeqs\ s \ .$
 $d = \bigcap\ ivs \star rs \}$

definition *safeAborts* :: ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow 'a set **where**

$safeAborts\ s \equiv$ if initialized s then $initAborts\ s$
 else $uninitAborts\ s$

definition *Reco* :: ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow bool

where

$Reco\ s\ s' \equiv$
 $(\exists\ p \ . status\ s\ p \neq Sleep)$
 $\wedge \neg initialized\ s$
 $\wedge (\exists\ d \in safeInits\ s \ .$
 $s' = s(dstate := d, initialized := True))$

definition *Resp* :: 'b \Rightarrow 'd \Rightarrow ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow bool

where

$Resp\ p\ ou\ s\ s' \equiv$
 $status\ s\ p = Pending$
 $\wedge initialized\ s$
 $\wedge contains\ (dstate\ s)\ (pending\ s\ p)$
 $\wedge ou = \gamma\ (dstate\ s)\ (pending\ s\ p)$
 $\wedge s' = s(status := (status\ s)(p := Ready))$

definition *Init* :: 'b \Rightarrow 'c \Rightarrow 'a

\Rightarrow ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow bool

where

$Init\ p\ c\ iv\ s\ s' \equiv$
 $status\ s\ p = Sleep$
 $\wedge s' = s(initVals := \{iv\} \cup (initVals\ s),$
 $status := (status\ s)(p := Pending),$
 $pending := (pending\ s)(p := (p,c)))$

definition *Abort* :: 'b \Rightarrow 'c \Rightarrow 'a

\Rightarrow ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow ('a,'b,'c)SLin-state \Rightarrow bool

where

$Abort\ p\ c\ av\ s\ s' \equiv$
 $status\ s\ p = Pending \wedge pending\ s\ p = (p,c)$
 $\wedge av \in safeAborts\ s$

$$\wedge s' = s(\text{status} := (\text{status } s)(p := \text{Aborted}), \\ \text{abortVals} := (\text{abortVals } s \cup \{av\}))$$

definition *trans* **where**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{trans } i \ j &\equiv \{ (s, a, s') . \text{case } a \text{ of} \\ &\quad \text{Invoke } i' \ p \ c \Rightarrow i \leq i' \wedge i < j \wedge \text{Inv } p \ c \ s \ s' \\ &\mid \text{Response } i' \ p \ ou \Rightarrow i \leq i' \wedge i < j \wedge \text{Resp } p \ ou \ s \ s' \\ &\mid \text{Switch } i' \ p \ c \ v \Rightarrow (i > 0 \wedge i' = i \wedge \text{Init } p \ c \ v \ s \ s') \\ &\quad \vee (i' = j \wedge \text{Abort } p \ c \ v \ s \ s') \\ &\mid \text{Linearize } i' \Rightarrow i' = i \wedge \text{Lin } s \ s' \\ &\mid \text{Recover } i' \Rightarrow i > 0 \wedge i' = i \wedge \text{Reco } s \ s' \} \end{aligned}$$

definition *start* **where**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{start } i &\equiv \{ s . \\ &\quad \forall p . \text{status } s \ p = (\text{if } i > 0 \text{ then Sleep else Ready}) \\ &\quad \wedge \text{dstate } s = \perp \\ &\quad \wedge (\text{if } i > 0 \text{ then } \neg \text{initialized } s \text{ else initialized } s) \\ &\quad \wedge \text{initVals } s = \{\} \\ &\quad \wedge \text{abortVals } s = \{\} \} \end{aligned}$$

definition *ioa* **where**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ioa } i \ j &\equiv \\ &\quad (\text{ioa.asig} = \text{asig } i \ j , \\ &\quad \text{start} = \text{start } i, \\ &\quad \text{trans} = \text{trans } i \ j) \end{aligned}$$

end

end

6 The Consensus Data Type

theory *Consensus*

imports *RDR*

begin

This theory provides a model for the RDR locale, thus showing that the assumption of the RDR locale are consistent.

typedecl *proc*

typedecl *val*

locale *Consensus*

— To avoid name clashes

begin

```

fun  $\delta$ ::val option  $\Rightarrow$  (proc  $\times$  val)  $\Rightarrow$  val option (infix  $\cdot$  65) where
   $\delta$  None r = Some (snd r)
|  $\delta$  (Some v) r = Some v

```

```

fun  $\gamma$ ::val option  $\Rightarrow$  (proc  $\times$  val)  $\Rightarrow$  val where
   $\gamma$  None r = snd r
|  $\gamma$  (Some v) r = v

```

```

interpretation pre-RDR  $\delta$   $\gamma$  None  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
notation exec (infix  $\star$  65)
notation less-eq (infix  $\preceq$  50 )
notation None ( $\perp$ )

```

```

lemma single-use:
  fixes r rs
  shows  $\perp \star ([r]@rs) = \text{Some } (\text{snd } r)$ 
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma bot:  $\exists$  rs . s =  $\perp \star rs$ 
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma prec-eq-None-or-equal:
fixes s1 s2
assumes s1  $\preceq$  s2
shows s1 = None  $\vee$  s1 = s2  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

interpretation RDR  $\delta$   $\gamma$   $\perp$ 
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

end

```

```

end

```

7 Idempotence of the SLin I/O automaton

```

theory Idempotence
imports SLin Simulations
begin

```

```

locale Idempotence = SLin +
  fixes id1 id2 :: nat
  assumes id1:0 < id1 and id2:id1 < id2
begin

```

lemmas $ids = id1\ id2$

definition *composition* **where**

composition \equiv
 $hide\ ((ioa\ 0\ id1) \parallel (ioa\ id1\ id2))$
 $\{act . EX\ p\ c\ av . act = Switch\ id1\ p\ c\ av\ \}$

lemmas $comp-simps = hide-def\ composition-def\ ioa-def\ par2-def\ is-trans-def$
 $start-def\ actions-def\ asig-def\ trans-def$

lemmas $trans-defs = Inv-def\ Lin-def\ Resp-def\ Init-def$
 $Abort-def\ Reco-def$

declare *split-if-asm* [*split*]

7.1 A case rule for decomposing the transition relation of the composition of two SLins

declare *comp-simps* [*simp*]

lemma *trans-elim*:

fixes $s\ t\ a\ s'\ t'\ P$

assumes $(s, t) \text{---} a \text{---} composition \longrightarrow (s', t')$

obtains

$(Invoke1)\ i\ p\ c$
where $Inv\ p\ c\ s\ s' \wedge t = t'$
and $i < id1$ **and** $a = Invoke\ i\ p\ c$
 $| (Invoke2)\ i\ p\ c$
where $Inv\ p\ c\ t\ t' \wedge s = s'$
and $id1 \leq i \wedge i < id2$ **and** $a = Invoke\ i\ p\ c$
 $| (Switch1)\ p\ c\ av$
where $Abort\ p\ c\ av\ s\ s' \wedge Init\ p\ c\ av\ t\ t'$
and $a = Switch\ id1\ p\ c\ av$
 $| (Switch2)\ p\ c\ av$
where $s = s' \wedge Abort\ p\ c\ av\ t\ t'$
and $a = Switch\ id2\ p\ c\ av$
 $| (Response1)\ i\ p\ ou$
where $Resp\ p\ ou\ s\ s' \wedge t = t'$
and $i < id1$ **and** $a = Response\ i\ p\ ou$
 $| (Response2)\ i\ p\ ou$
where $Resp\ p\ ou\ t\ t' \wedge s = s'$
and $id1 \leq i \wedge i < id2$ **and** $a = Response\ i\ p\ ou$
 $| (Lin1)\ Lin\ s\ s' \wedge t = t'$ **and** $a = Linearize\ 0$
 $| (Lin2)\ Lin\ t\ t' \wedge s = s'$ **and** $a = Linearize\ id1$
 $| (Reco2)\ Reco\ t\ t' \wedge s = s'$ **and** $a = Recover\ id1$

declare *comp-simps* [*simp del*]

7.2 Definition of the Refinement Mapping

fun *f* :: (*'a','b','c*)*SLin-state* * (*'a','b','c*)*SLin-state* \Rightarrow (*'a','b','c*)*SLin-state*
where
f (*s1*, *s2*) =
 (*pending* = λ *p*. (if *status s1 p* \neq *Aborted* then *pending s1 p* else *pending s2 p*),
initVals = {},
abortVals = *abortVals s2*,
status = λ *p*. (if *status s1 p* \neq *Aborted* then *status s1 p* else *status s2 p*),
dstate = (if *dstate s2* = \perp then *dstate s1* else *dstate s2*),
initialized = *True*)

7.3 Invariants

declare
trans-defs [*simp*]

fun *P1* **where**
P1 (*s1,s2*) = (\forall *p* . *status s1 p* \in {*Pending*, *Aborted*}
 \longrightarrow *fst* (*pending s1 p*) = *p*)

fun *P2* **where**
P2 (*s1,s2*) = (\forall *p* . *status s2 p* \neq *Sleep* \longrightarrow *fst* (*pending s2 p*) = *p*)

fun *P3* **where**
P3 (*s1,s2*) = (\forall *p* . (*status s2 p* = *Ready* \longrightarrow *initialized s2*))

fun *P4* **where**
P4 (*s1,s2*) = (\forall *p* . *status s2 p* = *Sleep*) = (*initVals s2* = {}))

fun *P5* **where**
P5 (*s1,s2*) = (\forall *p* . *status s1 p* \neq *Sleep* \wedge *initialized s1* \wedge *initVals s1* = {}))

fun *P6* **where**
P6 (*s1,s2*) = (\forall *p* . (*status s1 p* \neq *Aborted*) = (*status s2 p* = *Sleep*))

fun *P7* **where**
P7 (*s1,s2*) = (\forall *c* . *status s1 c* = *Aborted* \wedge \neg *initialized s2*
 \longrightarrow (*pending s2 c* = *pending s1 c* \wedge *status s2 c* \in {*Pending*, *Aborted*}))

fun P8 where

$P8 (s1, s2) = (\forall iv \in initVals\ s2 . \exists rs \in pendingSeqs\ s1 .$
 $iv = dstate\ s1 \star rs)$

fun P8a where

$P8a (s1, s2) = (\forall ivs \in initSets\ s2 . \exists rs \in pendingSeqs\ s1 .$
 $\sqcap ivs = dstate\ s1 \star rs)$

fun P9 where

$P9 (s1, s2) = (initialized\ s2 \longrightarrow dstate\ s1 \preceq dstate\ s2)$

fun P10 where

$P10 (s1, s2) = ((\neg initialized\ s2) \longrightarrow (dstate\ s2 = \perp))$

fun P11 where

$P11 (s1, s2) = (initVals\ s2 = abortVals\ s1)$

fun P12 where

$P12 (s1, s2) = (initialized\ s2 \longrightarrow \sqcap (initVals\ s2) \preceq dstate\ s2)$

fun P13 where

$P13 (s1, s2) = (finite\ (initVals\ s2)$
 $\wedge finite\ (abortVals\ s1) \wedge finite\ (abortVals\ s2))$

fun P14 where

$P14 (s1, s2) = (initialized\ s2 \longrightarrow initVals\ s2 \neq \{\})$

fun P15 where

$P15 (s1, s2) = (\forall av \in abortVals\ s1 . dstate\ s1 \preceq av)$

fun P16 where

$P16 (s1, s2) = (dstate\ s2 \neq \perp \longrightarrow initialized\ s2)$

fun P17 where

— For the Response1 case of the refinement proof, in case a response is produced in the first instance and the second instance is already initialized

$P17 (s1, s2) = (initialized\ s2$
 $\longrightarrow (\forall p .$
 $((status\ s1\ p = Ready$
 $\vee (status\ s1\ p = Pending \wedge contains\ (dstate\ s1)\ (pending\ s1\ p)))$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists rs . dstate\ s2 = dstate\ s1 \star rs \wedge (\forall r \in set\ rs . fst\ r \neq p)))$
 $\wedge ((status\ s1\ p = Pending \wedge \neg contains\ (dstate\ s1)\ (pending\ s1\ p))$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists rs . dstate\ s2 = dstate\ s1 \star rs \wedge (\forall r \in set\ rs .$

$fst\ r = p \longrightarrow r = pending\ s1\ p))))))$

fun *P18* **where**

P18 (*s1*,*s2*) = (*abortVals s2* $\neq \{\}$ $\longrightarrow (\exists\ p .\ status\ s2\ p \neq Sleep)$)

fun *P19* **where**

P19 (*s1*,*s2*) = (*abortVals s2* $\neq \{\}$ $\longrightarrow abortVals\ s1 \neq \{\}$)

fun *P20* **where**

P20 (*s1*,*s2*) = ($\forall\ av \in abortVals\ s2 .\ dstate\ s2 \preceq av$)

fun *P21* **where**

P21 (*s1*,*s2*) = ($\forall\ av \in abortVals\ s2 .\ \bigwedge (abortVals\ s1) \preceq av$)

fun *P22* **where**

P22 (*s1*,*s2*) = (*initialized s2* $\longrightarrow dstate\ (f\ (s1,s2)) = dstate\ s2$)

fun *P23* **where**

P23 (*s1*,*s2*) = ($(\neg\ initialized\ s2) \longrightarrow$
 $pendingSeqs\ s1 \subseteq pendingSeqs\ (f\ (s1,s2))$)

fun *P25* **where**

P25 (*s1*,*s2*) = ($\forall\ ivs .\ (ivs \in initSets\ s2 \wedge initialized\ s2$
 $\wedge dstate\ s2 \preceq \bigwedge ivs)$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists\ rs' \in pendingSeqs\ (f\ (s1,s2)) .\ \bigwedge ivs = dstate\ s2 \star rs')$)

fun *P26* **where**

P26 (*s1*,*s2*) = ($\forall\ p .\ (status\ s1\ p = Aborted$
 $\wedge \neg\ contains\ (dstate\ s2)\ (pending\ s1\ p))$
 $\longrightarrow (status\ s2\ p \in \{Pending, Aborted\}$
 $\wedge pending\ s1\ p = pending\ s2\ p)$)

lemma *P1-invariant*:

shows *invariant* (*composition*) *P1*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *P2-invariant*:

shows *invariant* (*composition*) *P2*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *P16-invariant*:

shows *invariant* (*composition*) *P16*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P3-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P3*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P4-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P4*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P5-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P5*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P13-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P13*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P20-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P20*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P18-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P18*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P14-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P14*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P15-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P15*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P6-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P6*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P7-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P7*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *P10-invariant:*

shows *invariant (composition) P10*

<proof>

lemma *P11-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P11*
<proof>

lemma *P8-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P8*
<proof>

lemma *P8a-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P8a*
<proof>

lemma *P12-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P12*
<proof>

lemma *P19-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P19*
<proof>

lemma *P9-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P9*
<proof>

lemma *P17-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P17*
<proof>

lemma *P21-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P21*
<proof>

lemma *P22-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P22*
<proof>

lemma *P23-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P23*
<proof>

lemma *P26-invariant:*
shows *invariant (composition) P26*
<proof>

lemma *P25-invariant*:
shows *invariant (composition) P25*
<proof>

7.4 Proof of the Idempotence Theorem

theorem *idempotence*:
shows $((composition) =<| (ioa\ 0\ id2))$
<proof>

end

end